

From 8 P.M.
Nippon Maru, Oct. 6.
For 6 P.M.
Larline, Sept. 20.
From Vancouver:
Nippon Maru, Oct. 8.
For Vancouver:
Makura, Oct. 7.

Honolulu Star-Bulletin

2:30
Edition

Evening Bulletin, Est. 1882, No. 5663.
Hawaiian Star, Vol. XXI, No. 6703.

14 PAGES—HONOLULU, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, TUESDAY, SEPT. 30, 1913.—14 PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

"NO FREE SUGAR," SAYS KUHIO HE ALSO SCORES SUGAR MEN

DELEGATE, HOME FROM
WASHINGTON, TALKS ON
GOVERNORSHIP AND TARIFF

WHAT KUHIO SAYS

Congress will drop free sugar plan. Sugar agencies are making times harder than they need be. The planters' fight was a lame one. Hawaii should stand stronger than ever for more homesteads. Doesn't entirely approve of Pinkham but regards his confirmation as probably settled.

Prince J. K. Kahanalana, delegate to Congress, returned from Washington this morning with the declaration that Hawaii will not be subjected to the free sugar disaster. He believes that before three years are over, the free sugar doctrine will be repudiated by the people and Congress.

The delegate, accompanied by the Princess Kaiulani, arrived on the Mauna Kea. When questioned immediately after his arrival by a reporter for the Star-Bulletin upon the governorship situation, Delegate Kuhio said that the matter was "practically settled," intimating strongly his belief that L. E. Pinkham will be confirmed by the senate. He said he thought this was settled at the time he left Washington.

Later, in a more extended interview given to this paper and carefully prepared for publication, the delegate said that he does not know what the outcome of the governorship question will be. He also says that Mr. Pinkham has not taken a stand against possible commission government for Hawaii strongly enough to suit him. "Pinkham's reply on commission government was unsatisfactory," says Kuhio.

Confesses Sugar Men.
In a lengthy interview he takes up a number of matters of great importance to the territory, discussing the sugar situation, the attitude of the large sugar houses being sharply criticized, and the declaration made that the planters' fight against free sugar was very lame.

Kuhio also calls for vigorous work for the Republic of Hawaii. He says that there is no reason for Hawaii to desert the party.

"On arrival of the steamer this morning," the delegate spoke briefly in answer to queries by a newspaperman.

"Wilson made the Pinkham appointment and the delay has followed in the failure of the senate to confirm it. There was a general sentiment around Washington that Pinkham would undoubtedly take office immediately following the close of the session of congress," said the delegate.

Kuhio was not prepared to state whether the new executive would finally land the office through a recess appointment, though he maintained that the latter is not up to the senate committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico.

The delegate further stated that Pinkham had replied to the letter of charges filed by the islands not in sympathy with his appointment.

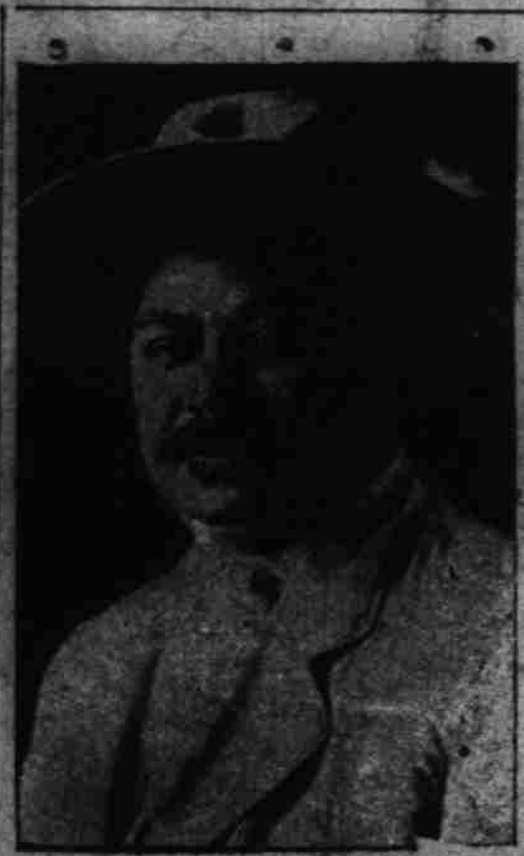
Just before leaving Washington for the islands, the delegate introduced a bill before congress calling for an appropriation of \$300,000 to cover the expense of installing a Hawaiian exhibit at the Panama Pacific exposition to be held at San Francisco in 1915. Doubts if Free Sugar Will Come.

As to the future of free sugar, the Prince said:

"I do not for one moment believe that free sugar is coming. Before three years are up you will find all parties in Congress by common consent dropping the provisions of the new tariff calling for free sugar in 1916. President Wilson is a man who becomes more set the more you oppose him; but later on he will come around by himself to a middle course. The Democrats do not believe in free sugar, but they have got to let President Wilson have his way for the present or think they have to, for fear he will disrupt the party, but I believe that when elections are pending and Wilson is in need of votes that will be the time when we will find a quiet deal made with the sugar states eliminating free sugar. The Democrats cannot afford to lose Louisiana, Nevada, Colorado, Montana and other States absolutely opposed to the free sugar program, and the voice of the Democratic Senators now representing them."

Hits Sugar Agencies.
Commenting on hard times in Honolulu, the Prince said:

"Of course times have got to be quiet, perhaps quite hard, but from all I have heard I believe the sugar agencies are making times much harder than they need be. Of course, the banks have to follow the lead of the sugar men, particularly banks that are more or less only branches of our sugar agencies. Moreover, I feel com-



Delegate J. K. Kahanalana, whose return from Washington today is marked by a significant interview.

UNDESIRABLES TO BE RETURNED TO NATIVE LAND

In detention at the federal immigration station this morning awaiting deportation were 23 women and five men, all Japanese, arrested last evening by Sheriff Jarrett and his deputies on called authority received from Washington yesterday by Inspector Richard Halsey. The warrants, following by mail, charge the Japanese with being undesirable citizens of the territory, and it is alleged that the majority of the women, prior to their arrest, were inmates of disorderly houses at Iwilei, while the men were procurers.

Detailed information prepared by Inspector Halsey after a thorough investigation of local conditions, which was forwarded to Washington some time ago, resulted in his receiving called orders yesterday immediately to arrest the undesirable mentioned in his report. About 90 names were included in this list, and late yesterday afternoon the local immigration officials, assisted by Sheriff Jarrett and several deputies, commenced the roundup. From 7 o'clock last night until 1 o'clock this morning, arrests were made by the wholesale, the Japanese being lodged at the federal station. It is said by immigration officials that among the others yet to be detained are a number of European women, principally French and German, who have been connected with local houses of ill-fame. Inspector Harry Brown was in charge of the federal station end of the work last evening, and Acting Captain of Detectives Kelleff, with a squad of men, was detailed from the sheriff's office to assist. It is expected that the remaining arrests will be speedily made.

The arrests of the Japanese and other "undesirables" is the direct result of a campaign on the part of Inspector Halsey, and it was through him that the greater part of the evidence against these persons was secured. His information was sent to Washington for action by the proper office. The answer came yesterday in the form of a cable containing the names of those for whom warrants have been made out, these warrants probably being on their way to Honolulu now. It is believed that, by the time the warrants have arrived here, all arrests will have been made. These undesirable will be returned to their respective countries, possibly under police guard in case the stress of work at the federal station will make it necessary to make the arrests last night.

PETERSON A KIND ATTORNEY, AVERS ACQUITTED CHINESE

Apparently seeking to show that Attorney C. F. Peterson took his case without asking a fee, Chun Kim Sut, recently acquitted of a murder charge and now defendant in a suit for \$750 which is sought as attorney's fees, introduced a number of witnesses in his defense this morning.

The suit is brought by William Kawa, to whom Attorney Peterson had assigned his claim against Chun Kim Sut, and is heard by a jury in Judge Cooper's division of the circuit court. Two Chinese interpreters, one or two attorneys who had served as the Chinaman's counsel last year, and members of his family took the witness stand in his behalf. The evidence was not completed at noon and the hearing was continued to tomorrow morning.

JUDGE COOPER MAY SELL PALMYRA TO A WEALTHY NEW YORKER

Palmyra Islands group in the South Seas is again in the market. Judge Cooper, who lately had the time of his life in exploring the sequestered tropical paradise along with a party of scientific friends, has given an option on the estate to the James F. Morgan Co., Ltd.

It is rumored that the Morgan agency represents a wealthy New Yorker who desires to create a tropical resort for himself upon one of the islands of the little archipelago.

The price at which Judge Cooper places the option is thus far confidential.

SUGAR

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 29.—Beets: 88 analysis, 98 6.1-2d. Parity, 4 cents. Previous quotation, 3 7/8.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 26.—Sugar: 96 degrees test, 3.54 cents.

CHINESE BOYS WOULD HAVE A ROWING CLUB

Spencer Bowen Asked To Lend
Aid to Orientals in Forming
Athletic Organization

The organization of a Chinese rowing association which would equal the Heanani and Myrtle clubs in membership and scope of activities, is the gist of a plan now being considered by several Chinese young men of Honolulu who are active in athletics and other forms of sport at the Beretania Settlement. The matter has been referred to Spencer Bowen, headworker of the settlement and a prominent oarsman, for his approval, and in his opinion such an organization, could it be launched in a satisfactory manner, would prove a tremendous success.

The Chinese boys interested in the organization first approached Bowen several days ago, saying that, as neither the Myrtle or the Heanani clubs contain Orientals, they preferred to form a club of their own in order that they might select crews and participate in the annual regatta. Bowen is wholly in favor of the plan but as many of the boys are either employed or attending school, there are no funds on hand to finance such a proposition. According to Bowen, he can do no more than boost for his efforts are centered entirely upon the settlement work. He preferred, he said this morning, to give the story for publication, in order that the community might be sounded and its opinion with regard to the feasibility of such a plan learned. He believes that, with the success which the All-Chinese baseball team has met with on the mainland, that some person or persons in Honolulu might take hold of the matter and see it through. A large membership would be assured, and such an organization, a Chinese rowing association, would probably be the only one of its kind in the States if not in the world.

"I would like to have it understood that I am not promoting the organization," said Mr. Bowen this morning, "but I am most certainly going to boost it along, for I believe that, once started, it will be a success. The boys have come to me for suggestions, and I have favored all their plans. The Chinese fellows are red hot with enthusiasm over the proposed organization, and I believe that with such spirit the thing may be made to go. I want the story to go out to the public, in order that some knowledge may be gained as to what the general feeling would be toward a club. There is no money back of the proposition, and at least \$1000 would be needed to start the ball rolling. Such a club would be a wonderful center for the Chinese young men of Honolulu, and I believe that some person will see the feasibility of the plan and be willing to finance it. It would be money well invested."

With \$1200 on hand, a piece of land at the harbor could be leased and a small house, set on piles in the stream, could be erected. Then, this could be fitted simply with wooden benches and lockers, and a second-hand barge purchased. This would give a selected number of the members of the club a chance to train, and two crews, a freshman and junior, could get whipped into shape for next year's regatta. The average Chinese young man is lithe and strong and has grit, the qualities needed to make a perfect oarsman. The fellows who have the matter in hand, have asked Mr. Bowen to be their trainer and manager in case the organization is perfected, and he has consented to act in this capacity. Mr. Bowen has rowed with the Heanani for a number of years.

On Saturday, October 11, there will be a camp inspection at which the readiness of the three regiments to take the field will be carefully considered. October 13 to 18 will be taken up with brigade inspections, including field exercises and problems worked out in the neighborhood of Schofield Barracks. It is expected that the war game as played by the infantry command will be of exceptional interest this year.

Monday, the 20th, will find the 1st Hawaiian brigade reinforced by cavalry and artillery, and for two days problems relating to this unit will be worked out. The 4th cavalry and 1st field artillery will get into the game at this time, the entire command being divided into attacking and defending forces.

The last days of the month will find the entire mobile army in the field, forming a red and a blue army, and working out military problems which the maneuver board is now polishing off and getting into final form. The maneuvers will come to an end on Wednesday, October 29.

EIGHT HONOLULU SWIMMERS GOING TO THE MAINLAND

That Hawaiian swimmers will make another invasion of the Pacific Coast, is now assured. Although the fund required to send the delegation to the Portola festival at San Francisco is still short, it is believed that public-spirited Honolulu will come to the front, as it has in the past, and make up the deficit. The merchants have subscribed generously, and W. T. Rawlins, Portola commissioner here, and incidentally the man who managed the team that carried off major honors in the San Francisco swimming meet July 4 last, believes that the full team can be raised without much trouble.

Word has just been received by Rawlins that the expenses of Duke Kahamoku, George Cunha and Frederick Wilhelm, will be paid from the other end of the line, these being the three men that the Portola athletic management is especially anxious to secure. Rawlins, however, plans to take eight men in all, so that a representative Hui Nalu team can take part in the relay race, and so that the boys who have been working faithfully for the trip will be given their chance.

E. FAXON BISHOP HOME FROM COAST; SAYS THINGS QUIET

"Things on the coast are very quiet," said E. Faxon Bishop, president of C. Brewer & Co., at his office this morning after returning in the Wilhelm. "People are holding their breath to await whatever is going to happen through the tariff changes."

"I have heard nothing about the news cable to the local papers the past two days, that the Cuba preferential duty on sugar is to be abolished, and that the free sugar provision is to be deferred in coming into effect, consequently I cannot throw any light on these matters."

"I went as far east as Denver and took a little look around in Colorado. Things are looking well there."

ENTIRE MOBILE ARMY WILL TAKE THE FIELD SOON

Maneuver Board Plans Strenuous
Month for Hawaiian
Brigade

A strenuous period of field exercises, inspections and maneuvers is in store for all the mobile troops of Oahu. Foot, horse and wagon soldiers, signal and sanitary troops, will take the field during the month of October, the program leading up gradually to combined maneuvers the latter part of the month, in which the entire garrison of the island, divided into an attacking and defending force, will work out a problem of several days' duration.

For several weeks past a board of officers, of which Lt. Col. Carl Hietzman, 35th Infantry, is the senior member, has been working out a program of military maneuvers and maneuvers for the Hawaiian Department will be even more extensive than last year. The troops will be in the field for a longer time, and the different tactical units of the command will be given a chance to work by themselves until all are brought together for combined field exercises.

This is not a maneuver year, in the sense of joint maneuvers for the regulars and National Guard, which come only every other year, but there has been a year of maneuvering for the regulars only. The mobile army is ready to take the field at any time, and will be called to do so before long.

On Friday, October 10, the 1st Hawaiian Brigade, commanded by Brig. Gen. M. M. Macab, consisting of the 1st, 2d and 25th regiments of infantry, will concentrate at Schofield Barracks. As a unit, the brigade will be in the field for the better part of the month, which will be the first extended period of combined exercises for the foot soldiers since being brigaded.

On Saturday, October 11, there will be a camp inspection at which the readiness of the three regiments to take the field will be carefully considered. October 13 to 18 will be taken up with brigade inspections, including field exercises and problems worked out in the neighborhood of Schofield Barracks. It is expected that the war game as played by the infantry command will be of exceptional interest this year.

Monday, the 20th, will find the 1st Hawaiian brigade reinforced by cavalry and artillery, and for two days problems relating to this unit will be worked out. The 4th cavalry and 1st field artillery will get into the game at this time, the entire command being divided into attacking and defending forces.

The last days of the month will find the entire mobile army in the field, forming a red and a blue army, and working out military problems which the maneuver board is now polishing off and getting into final form. The maneuvers will come to an end on Wednesday, October 29.

GAMBLING CASES GIVE PROMISE OF HEATED CONTEST

Step by step, a legal battle was waged at the district court this morning when a galaxy of legal advisors, including Attorneys Rawlins and Straus assisted by Willie Crawford in the capacity of interpreter, representing 43 Chinese, placed under arrest by the police upon a charge of gambling, and Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Brown, made small-time progress in the hearing of a case that will go down in the annals as one of the most hotly contested in the lower court in years.

Deputy Sheriff Charles Rose was subjected to grilling cross-examination hunched by Rawlins and Straus. It was with a distinct sigh of relief that the officer left the witness stand at the sound of the noonday whistles.

When the police, under the instance of Sheriff William Jarrett, and led by Rose, raided the premises of Sun Yen Hop on Mauna Kea, near Hotel Street, on Sunday, September 21, all the machinery at the command of a large and influential hui of Chinese was brought into action to clear a delegation of fellow countrymen brought into the dragnet.

Every man made by Brown in conducting his prosecution upon a charge of gambling was this morning met with a stubborn resistance upon the part of Rawlins and Straus. Rose testified to having directed his men to force the several doors, and enter the rooms, where he states that a quantity of dominoes, buttons, chips and dice were found scattered about the apartment.

The place was plunged in disorder and confusion through the unexplained invasion by the officers. Rose readily identified several marked coins, dominoes, buttons, metal chips and a wide variety of battered and splintered doors and articles of furniture offered as exhibits by the prosecution.

The deputy sheriff was able to designate the several Chinese, who he alleged were found with marked money in their possession. Brown has so far succeeded in introducing a mass of evidence gathered at the raid.

The prosecution of the first batch of alleged gamblers gives promise of keeping the lower court busy for the greater part of the week.

Brown announced this morning that he had sufficient material to bring into the case to continue the hearing for several days at least. Straus has threatened to introduce each defendant as a witness, in which event some weeks would elapse before the matter could be closed.

"I went as far east as Denver and took a little look around in Colorado. Things are looking well there."

ROMANCE OF SOUTH SEAS COURT TALE

Captain Miller Reviews History
While on Stand in Suit vs.
Father Rougier

An interesting narrative of Father Emmanuel Rougier's highly profitable romance with the Fanning and Washington islands of the South Seas was related by Captain Frederick C. Miller before a jury in Judge Whitney's division of the circuit court this morning. The occasion is the suit brought by the captain to recover \$53,531.20, which he alleges is due him as commission for his assistance in consummating the sale of the islands to a British syndicate, the purchase price, he asserts, being 70,000 pounds sterling, or approximately \$350,000.

Taking the witness stand this morning, Captain Miller, after a brief review of his own personal history, from his birth at Cape Cod on the east coast and his early life as a sailor boy down to his arrival in Hawaii about 1890 and his later establishment of the Miller Salvage Company in Honolulu, told of his meeting with Father Rougier in 1895, when he said the latter approached him on the dock where the schooner Luka was anchored.

In the ensuing conversation he was informed, he said, that Father Rougier had purchased Fanning and Washington islands at a court sale at Suva for the sum of \$135,000, that he was holding them for speculative purposes, and desired to sell as soon as he could realize a good profit. A verbal agreement followed, whereby the captain was to serve as agent, assisting in getting a purchaser. A year later, though Captain Miller had been asking a five per cent commission, he declared he had received a written agreement written by Father Rougier, offering to pay the captain 1000 pounds sterling for any sale of the islands which resulted either directly or indirectly through his efforts, and which was to be paid in cash.

But if the sale was for less than that amount, Captain Miller was to receive half the proceeds. To make this point clear the alleged agreement, which was produced in court and introduced as evidence, stated that if the sale were for 70,000 pounds the captain should be entitled to 11,000 pounds.

On Saturday, October 11, there will be a camp inspection at which the readiness of the three regiments to take the field will be carefully considered. October 13 to 18 will be taken up with brigade inspections, including field exercises and problems worked out in the neighborhood of Schofield Barracks. It is expected that the war game as played by the infantry command will be of exceptional interest this year.

Monday, the 20th, will find the 1st Hawaiian brigade reinforced by cavalry and artillery, and for two days problems relating to this unit will be worked out. The 4th cavalry and 1st field artillery will get into the game at this time, the entire command being divided into attacking and defending forces.

The last days of the month will find the entire mobile army in the field, forming a red and a blue army, and working out military problems which the maneuver board is now polishing off and getting into final form. The maneuvers will come to an end on Wednesday, October 29.

CONFERENCE REPORT ON TARIFF PRESENTED AND UNDERWOOD PRAISES IT

House Leader Declares It Is Lowest Schedule of Duties for
75 Years — Says Will Raise Surplus of \$18,000,000
Over Estimated Expenditures for 1915

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—Chairman Oscar W. Underwood of the House ways and means committee today presented the conference committee's report on the new tariff bill. He made a laudatory speech in presenting the report, declaring that the bill furnishes the lowest tariff for 75 years and that as it comes from the conference committee it is lower than either the house or the senate bill as they passed. The duties average 23 per cent throughout, he explained, and he declared that they will yield a surplus of \$18,000,000 over the estimated expenditures for 1915.

In Honolulu today there is considerable question as to the exact status of the sugar schedule in the tariff bill. Yesterday's Associated Press cablegrams brought the news that the tariff conference had agreed upon a plan to eliminate the Cuban 20 per cent preferential from the reciprocity treaty.

This morning a statement was published that the free listing of sugar had been postponed. The report of the elimination of the Cuban preferential, while creating much surprise, is generally credited and consequently the market has strengthened, but it is believed that the postponement of the free listing referred to is merely the postponement of the date when the first reduction becomes operative, that is, until March 1 of next year. The senate made this change and the tariff conference of the house have reluctantly agreed to it.

The elimination of the Cuban preferential means that Cuba must support her sugar into the United States paying the full duty on foreign sugars instead of 20 per cent less. This favors domestic producers something like \$5 a ton. Whether the change can be made without radical amendment to the reciprocity treaty is doubtful, and it is presumed that the tariff conference yesterday agreed to recommend such a change, as the tariff bill itself has been drawn to protect treaty rights.

The Star-Bulletin this afternoon received from its Washington correspondent the following cablegram: "Free-listing of sugar May 1, 1915." This means that there is no change in the sugar provision as to the date when free sugar becomes operative.

Democratic Currency Bill Has Brought Much Confusion

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—The Administration Currency bill has brought about a state of great confusion in the senate. After a series of conferences between party leaders and the White House, Chairman Owen of the senate committee on banking and currency refused to make what the course of the bill will be.

Senator Brewster of Kansas made a vigorous speech in condemnation of the Democratic handling of the bill. "Some sort of a bill will be reported some way in a month or so," he jeered. "There will be several reports and it is unlikely that the bill will pass at this session."

Much confusion is admitted in the party line-up and much difference of opinion as to what is going to happen to the bill.

Senators Reed of Missouri, O'Gorman of New York and Hitchcock of Nebraska are unaligned with any of the factions.

CONFERENCE REPORT ON TARIFF PRESENTED AND UNDERWOOD PRAISES IT

House Leader Declares It Is Lowest Schedule of Duties for
75 Years — Says Will Raise Surplus of \$18,000,000
Over Estimated Expenditures for 1915

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—Chairman Oscar W. Underwood of the House ways and means committee today presented the conference committee's report on the new tariff bill. He made a laudatory speech in presenting the report, declaring that the bill furnishes the lowest tariff for 75 years and that as it comes from the conference committee it is lower than either the house or the senate bill as they passed. The duties average 23 per cent throughout, he explained, and he declared that they will yield a surplus of \$18,000,000 over the estimated expenditures for 1915.

In Honolulu today there is considerable question as to the exact status of the sugar schedule in the tariff bill. Yesterday's Associated Press cablegrams brought the news that the tariff conference had agreed upon a plan to eliminate the Cuban 20 per cent preferential from the reciprocity treaty.

This morning a statement was published that the free listing of sugar had been postponed. The report of the elimination of the Cuban preferential, while creating much surprise, is generally credited and consequently the market has strengthened, but it is believed that the postponement of the free listing referred to is merely the postponement of the date when the first reduction becomes operative, that is, until March 1 of next year. The senate made this change and the tariff conference of the house have reluctantly agreed to it.

The elimination of the Cuban preferential means that Cuba must support her sugar into the United States paying the full duty on foreign sugars instead of 20 per cent less. This favors domestic producers something like \$5 a ton. Whether the change can be made without radical amendment to the reciprocity treaty is doubtful, and it is presumed that the tariff conference yesterday agreed to recommend such a change, as the tariff bill itself has been drawn to protect treaty rights.

The Star-Bulletin this afternoon received from its Washington correspondent the following cablegram: "Free-listing of sugar May 1, 1915."

This means that there is no change in the sugar provision as to the date when free sugar becomes operative.

Five Mexican States Revolt And Form New Confederacy

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 30.—American arriving here from Mexico report that the states of Sonora, Durango, Coahuila, Chihuahua and Nuevo Leon have seceded from the republic and that a covenant was today formed to bind them together as the Confederate States of Mexico. Governor Carranza is believed to be one of the leaders in the movement and active against Huerta is expected.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—The Pope today conferred with Archbishop Ruiz of Mexico. He says he is praying for the peace and prosperity of the troubled republic.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—Dr. John Casper Branner, who succeeded David Starr Jordan as president of Stanford university, will be inaugurated tomorrow. He is the second president in Stanford's history.

Will Inaugurate Branner

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—The Pope today conferred with Archbishop Ruiz of Mexico. He says he is praying for the peace and prosperity of the troubled republic.

Pope Praying for Mexico

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—The Pope today conferred with Archbishop Ruiz of Mexico. He says he is praying for the peace and prosperity of the troubled republic.

MARSHALL IS LOSER IN HIS FIRST FIGHT

John William Marshall, accused of the murder of C. R. Guertler at Madam Puah's hula resort, this morning lost the first skirmish in the battle for his life. The motion filed by his counsel, Attorney Frank Thompson, to quash the indictment on the ground that the grand jury was illegally selected by the jury commissioners, was denied by Circuit Judge Robinson.

The motion to quash was filed several days ago, and came up today for the court's decision. Attorney Thompson held that the law required, in mandatory terms, the selection of grand jurors from all precincts in a ratio comparing to their voting population. The court ruled that the wording of the statute is not mandatory but advisory only.

No date for the actual hearing of the trial has been set and may not be until the Whaley case, beginning tomorrow morning, is disposed of.

The omnibus strike in London has been satisfactorily settled. A general election is to be called in England before King George signs the home rule bill. If a majority of anti-home rulers are elected it is thought the bill may not pass.

An explosion in the Dupont Powder Company plant at Gibbstown, N. J., killed four men and injured twenty. Another is missing. Nearby property was destroyed.

Blessed candles lit at the apartment of a storm set fire to the clothes of a little New York girl. The burns were fatal.

Wellesley College has raised the price of tuition \$50 a year. A guard at the New Jersey prison at Trenton was killed by two convicts who attempted to escape. To keep wood piles from sweeping brush from the streets, they have worn smooth, round, twice with adhesive tape. Ladies World. This is the worst policy ever.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—The Pope today conferred with Archbishop Ruiz of Mexico. He says he is praying for the peace and prosperity of the troubled republic.

(Continued on page four)

**Iron Settees
and Gates**
H. E. HENDRICK, LTD.
Phone 2014, Merchant & Bank